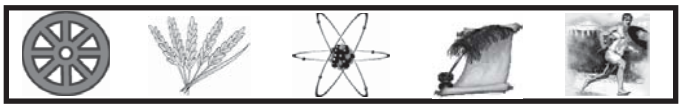
People, Places, & Events of World History



Congratulations! You have completed this section!
Answer the following questions to test your understanding of the material. When you are finished, hand in your quiz to your teacher. Each answer is worth 2.3 points.

Match words with their definitions for numbers 1-16

1. _____ ***buffer***	(a) very high, excessive
2. _____ ***unabated***	(b) persistent, aggressive
3. _____ ***mercenaries***	(c) small islands
4. _____ ***incense***	(d) deliberate teaching designed to cause acceptance of a specific belief
5. _____ ***papacy***	(e) a protective barrier
6. _____ ***exorbitant***	(f) grand, elegant
7. _____ ***procured***	(g) a lifestyle of separation from society for religious reasons
8. _____ ***islets***	(h) Celtic, pagan, spiritual leaders
9. _____ ***austere***	(i) accounts, stories of events
10. _____ ***monastic***	(j) unrestrained, not opposed
11. _____ ***unrelenting***	(k) pertaining to the office of the pope in the Roman Catholic Church
12. _____ ***luxurious***	(l) men hired to fight for a foreign ruler
13. _____ ***indoctrination***	(m) public commission to preach
14. _____ ***druids***	(n) harsh, severe
15. _____ ***sagas***	(o) perfumed oil burned to create an aroma
16. _____ ***ordained***	(p) obtained

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Section Quiz 3-3

17. The _____ Roman Empire, with Constantinople as its capital, became known as the Byzantine Empire.

18. Caesar _____ was perhaps the most important ruler of the Byzantine Empire.
    (a) Constantine
    (b) Theodosius
    (c) Justinian
    (d) Diocletian

19. When Caesar Justinian rebuilt Constantinople and the Church of St. Sophia, he re-christened the church _____.
    (a) Hagia Sophia
    (b) First Christian Church
    (c) Istanbul
    (d) St. Constantinople

20. A British Celtic king hired a Teutonic band of _____ to fight the Picts and Irish, who were constantly attacking England.

21. Anasazi is a _____ Indian word which means "the ancient ones."
    (a) Comanche
    (b) Navajo
    (c) Apache
    (d) Sioux

22. Basketmaker II people used _____to heat food and water.

23. _____ has been considered by many historians as the "Father of Latin Church Music."
    (a) Gregory the Great
    (b) Ambrose
    (c) Venantius Fortunatus
    (d) Henry Wadsworth Longfellow

24. The art of silk-making was accidentally discovered about 4,000 years ago in _____.

25. What creatures produce silk? _____

26. Before the arrival of Patrick, Christian settlements existed in the country of Ireland, which were known as the Culdees or *Celi Dei*, meaning "_____."

27. Curraghs were fifth and sixth century AD Irish _____ used by most west coast sailors and fishermen.

28. Greeks called papyrus "biblios" and the scrolls made of papyrus "biblia"; thus, in time, all written texts were referred to as "_____."
    (a) bibles
    (b) scrolls
    (c) books
    (d) newspaper

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Section Quiz 3-3

29. A handwritten text is called a _____.

30. The _____ were a warlike, nomadic assortment of Asian tribes.

31. One of the greatest and most feared warrior-leaders of all time was "_____."

32. In AD 452, Attila and his Huns crossed the Alps and sacked many _____ cities on their march down the Italian Peninsula.

33. Native Americans' favorite stories included the tales of _____, an intriguing creature that was regarded as the "trickster."
    (a) Coyote
    (b) Wolf
    (c) Rabbit
    (d) Fox

34. In 1976, Afro-American author, _____ published his book, *Roots*.
    (a) Henry Wadsworth Longfellow
    (b) C. S. Lewis
    (c) Alex Haley
    (d) J. R. R. Tolkein

35. The adventures of Brendan, who has been called "_____," were written down in a book that became a "best seller" in many parts of Europe.

36. The _____ Law Code reformed the Roman legal system.

37. The last Emperor to govern both halves of the Roman Empire was _____.

38. *"No nation can be _____ while it possesses a good home life."*

39. *"_____ is the universal language of mankind."*

40. *"Recorded _____ preserves the past and prepares for the future."*

41. *"Do not _____ carelessly today, for tomorrow is uncertain."*

42. *"People who are not _____ are controlled by those who are."*

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